



ASAP Extension 2.0

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What is ASAPX



An application interface to
ASAP

A set of API procedures
used by your application

A calculation and
collection service

An alerting mechanism

An availability tracker

How ASAPX Works

Applications register by calling the ASAPX API

ASAPX allocates shared memory in each processor for application data

Applications store and update counters and state values in shared memory

ASAPX samples shared memory to compute metrics for an interval



ASAP Entities

Entities are Applications or other logical groupings

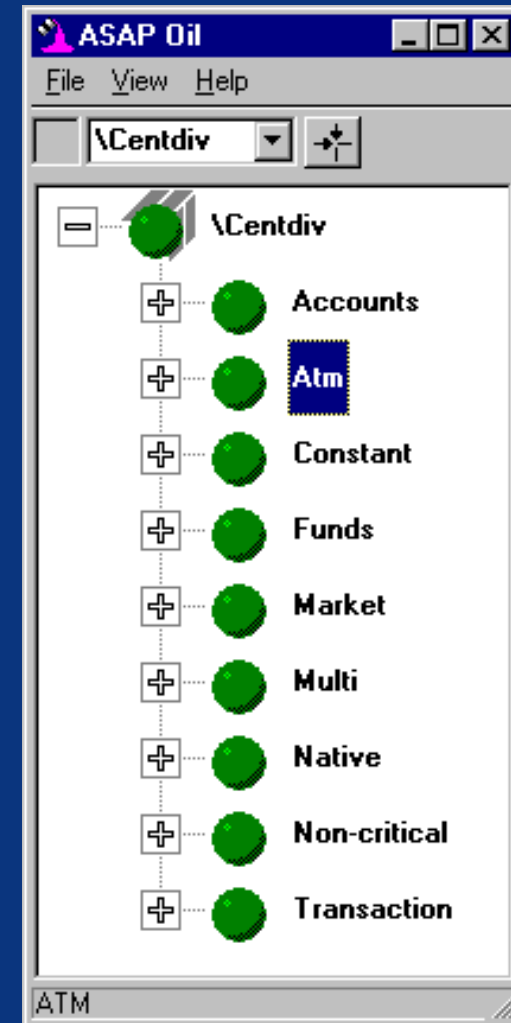
All components of an Entity share unique ASAPX definitions

Entities are described using Entity Definition Language (EDL)

Approximately 88 user entities

- Depends on System entities
- ASAP 2.0 maximum is 100 entities

Generic APP entity applies when no entity is defined



Entity-Specific ASAPX Definitions

Dataltems EDL entity property

- Up to 12 items (0-11) in shared memory
- Three classes of Dataltems
 - Counters or Constants - Types I or C
 - Time Units - Types S, M, and U
- Example: Dataltems "0 I, 1 M, 2 C"

Metrics (EDL Attributes)

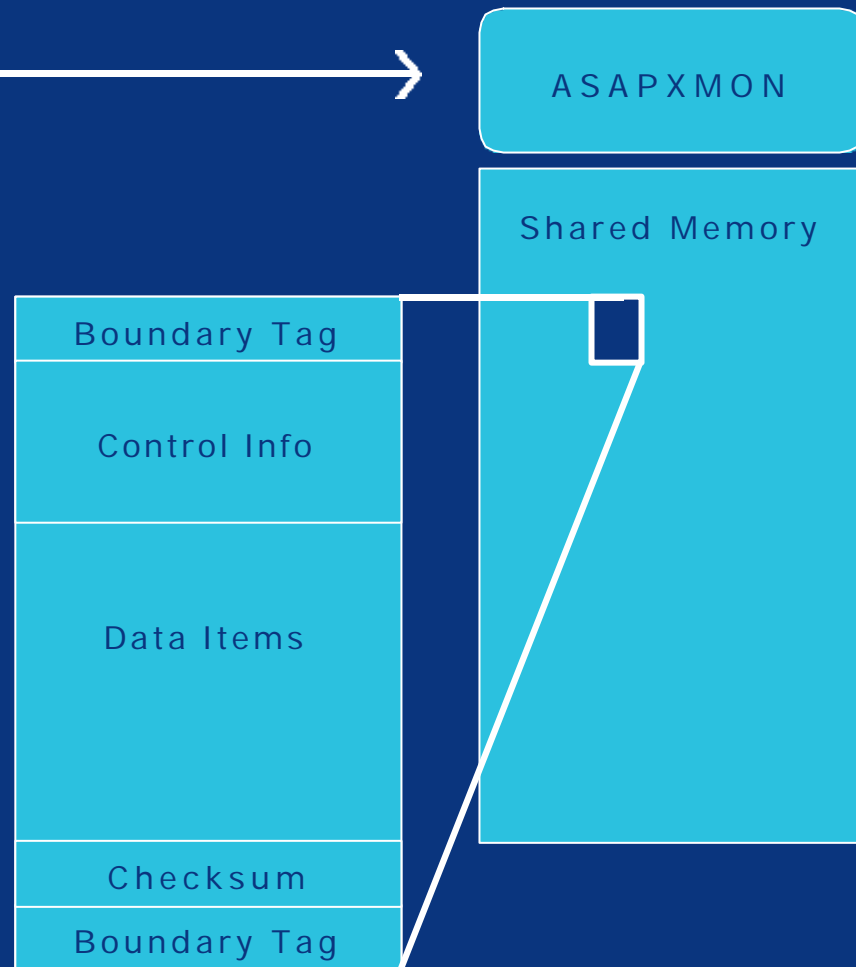
- Statistical properties computed at each interval
- Computed using Dataltems and user-defined formula

Display Formats

Registering a Domain with ASAP

```
error := ASAP_REGISTER_ ( ←————→  
    domain^name:name^len  
    , seg^offset  
    , [ error^detail ]  
    , [ segment^id ]  
    , [ segment^base ]  
    , [ version ]  
    , [ asap^id:id^len ]  
    , [ flags ]  
    , [ timeout ] ) extensible;
```

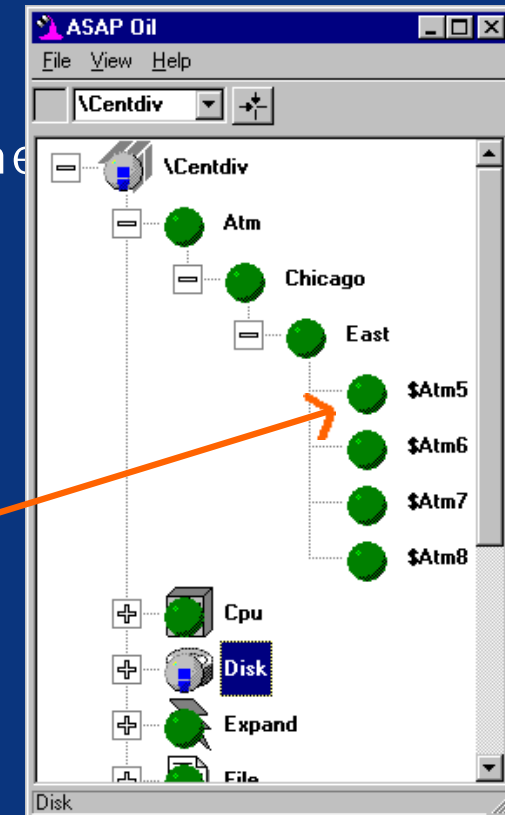
flags.<0:12> - reserved
flags.<13> - allow replace of non-constants
flags.<14> - don't concatenate process name
flags.<15> - start with ranking deactivated



Domain Names

<entity>\<domain>[\<subdom>...]

- 1st level must be EDL defined Entity name
- 5 levels
- 64 bytes max
- Must be unique
- Examples
 - Atm\Chicago\East\ \$Atm5
 - Assembly\Belt12\Station6\P34345
 - Basketball\Scores\Clippers



Domains are logical representations of business functions

Updating DataItems

```
error := ASAP_UPDATE_( seg^offset  
    , [ error^detail ]  
    , data^item  
    , value  
    , [ math ] ) extensible;
```

```
error := ASAP_UPDATELIST_( seg^offset  
    , [ error^detail ]  
    , num  
    , list ) extensible;
```



math →
0 = add (default)
1 = replace
2 = replace text

Creating Metrics (Attributes)

Defined as EDL Attributes

TransRate is the Attribute name

Format controls display

MetricRule is formula

- #<n> refers to a DataItem
 - Difference between samples
 - Or constant value at sample
- S is seconds in interval
- C<n> means <n> is a constant

```
AT TransRate Grid YES
Graph NO
GraphMax 1000
Format "F7.2"
Help
"Successful transaction rate"
StatePair YES
StateRule UseStateGraphState
MetricRule "#0/S"
TypeData REAL64;
```

```
AT S0 Grid NO Graph NO
GraphMax 9
Help "State of TransRate ";
```

ASAPX Built-in Metrics (Attributes)

11 built-in Metrics

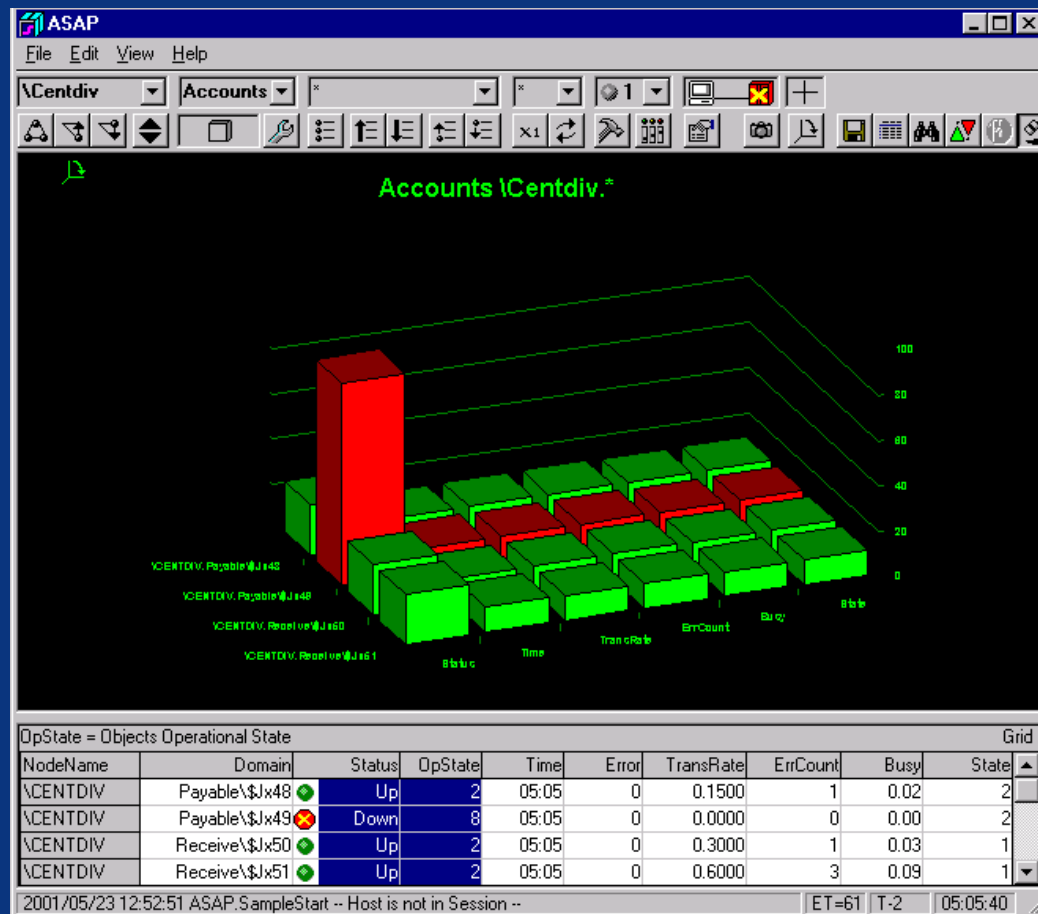
- Avail - Availability since registration
- Busy - Percent busy for interval
- Cpu - Process Cpu
- DownTime - Down time seconds since registration
- Nak - Number of intervals without update
- Pri - Priority of registering process
- PState - Process state of registering process
- RegTime - Domain registration date/time
- UnAvail - Unavaililty for interval
- Version - Application supplied version
- WState - Wait state of registering process

Include EDL definitions as described in the ASAPX Manual

Operational Status and State

Set by ASAPX to:

- “Up” - OpState 2
- “Inactive” - 6*
- “Down” - 8
- “Removed” - 0
- “Unknown” - 6



* If the Nak built-in is used, the state reported for “Inactive” is the OEM state for the Nak attribute instead of state 6

Operational Status and State

Applications can override ASAPX and set Status Text and OpState directly

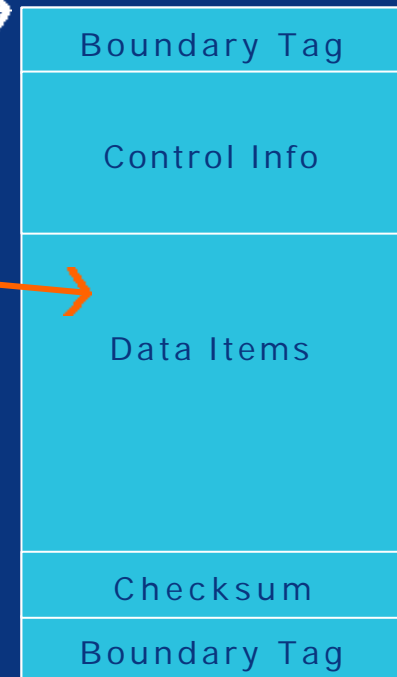
- Status text is 1 to 15 ASCII bytes
- OpState is a valid OEM State, 1-8

The screenshot shows the ASAP application window with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Help) and a toolbar. The main display area shows a 3D bar chart with the title "Myapp \Centdiv.Chicago\East*". Below the chart is a table titled "Status = Operational Status" with columns for Node#, Domain, Status, and OpState. The table lists several nodes, including "Chicago\East\#" and "Chicago\East\\$Atm5" through "Chicago\East\\$Atm8". The status for "Chicago\East\#" is "4 domains" and for the ATM nodes, it is "ATM Cash Low", "ATM OK", or "ATM OK". The OpState values are 6, 6, 2, 2, and 2 respectively. The bottom status bar shows "Myapp \Centdiv.Chicago\East* at ET=3 T-31 10:29:30".

Node#	Domain	Status	OpState
\CENT1	Chicago\East\#	4 domains	6
\CENT1	Chicago\East\\$Atm5	ATM Cash Low	6
\CENT1	Chicago\East\\$Atm6	ATM OK	2
\CENT1	Chicago\East\\$Atm7	ATM OK	2
\CENT1	Chicago\East\\$Atm8	ATM OK	2

ASAP_OPSTATE_

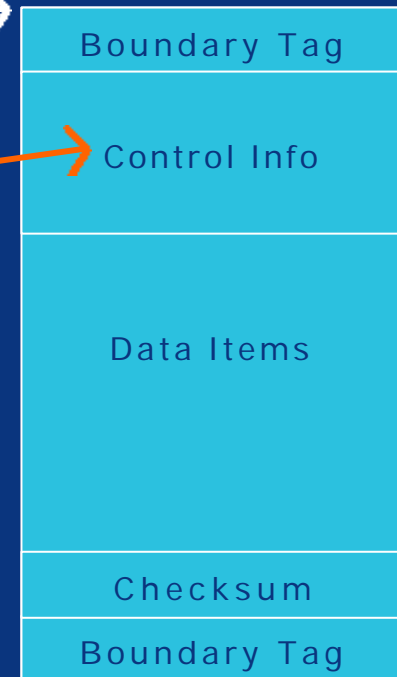
```
Error := ASAP_OPSTATE_(  
    seg^offset  
    , [ error^detail ]  
    , OpText:OpText^Len  
    , OpState  
    ) EXTENSIBLE;
```



If an application sets Status and OpState and then fails, ASAPX overrides OpState to DOWN (8). Status text is overridden if and only if it is "Up".

Domain Control

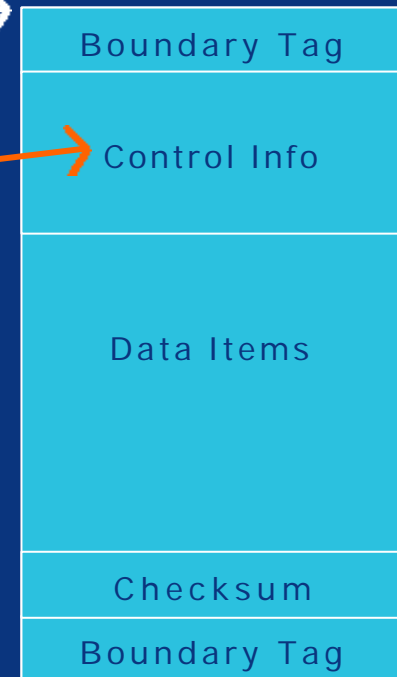
```
error := ASAP_CONTROL_(  
    seg^offset  
    , [ error^detail ]  
    , flags ) extensible;
```



- flags.<0:13> - reserved
- flags.<14> - enable ranking
- flags.<15> - disable ranking

Domain Removal

```
error := ASAP_REMOVE_(  
    seg^offset  
    , [ error^detail ]  
    , [ segment^id ]  
    , [ flags ] ) extensible;
```











flags.<0:14> - reserved
flags.<15> - de-allocate segment

Discrete Object Thresholds

Standard

Icon	State
	Exists
	Up
	Critical
	Down

Percent/Historical

Icon	State
	Exists
	Up
	Low
	Medium
	High
	Warning
	Critical
	Down

ASAPX fully supports
ASAP DOTs

- Except monitored via
API

Metrics ranked to set alert
level

All version 1 Objectives
functions have been
removed from ASAPX.

ASAPX 1.0

SET DATABASE

SET DATAITEMS

SET METRICS

SET NAMEFILE

SET RANK

SET TMF

ADD, ALTER

COMMIT

DELETE, INFO

LIST

ASAP 2.0

SET OBJECTIVESDB

Replaced by EDL

Replaced by EDL

Obsolete

SET OBJECTIVESRANK

SET OBJECTIVESAUDIT

RANK

COMMIT

RANK

MONITOR

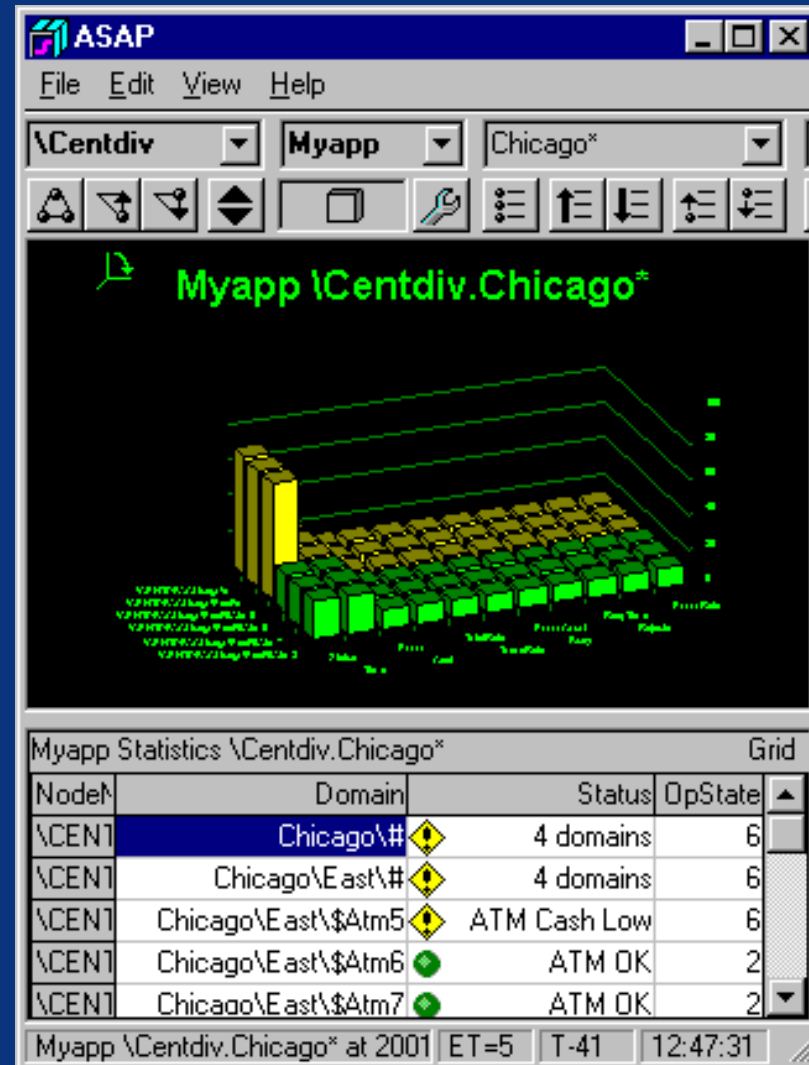
Domain Aggregation

Atm\Chicago\East\Atm37

Atm\Newyork\East\Atm39

- 3rd Level Aggregates
 - Atm\Chicago\East\#
 - Atm\Newyork\East\#
- 2nd Level Aggregates
 - Atm\Chicago\#
 - Atm\Newyork\#
- 1st Level Aggregate
 - Atm\#

State propagation

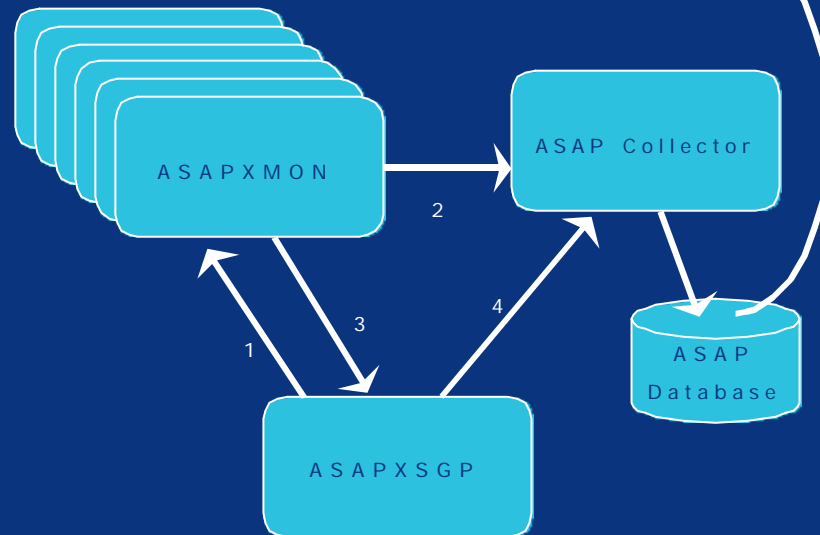
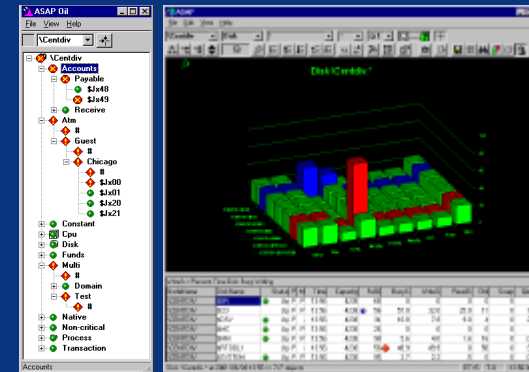


Write-to-Collector Mode

ASAPX SGP collects statistics serially from all ASAPXMON processes then forwards them to the ASAP Collector

In Write-to-Collector mode all ASAPXMON processes work in parallel

- Detail records sent directly to ASAP Collector
- Aggregate records (if any) are still collected by the SGP



Limits Increased

128 domains per CPU to 1024 domains per CPU!

- Done for K to S migration customers who end up with fewer processors
- Use this increase wisely, be careful of too much APP data
- **ASAP 1.0 memory segments cannot be used with ASAP 2.0 due to the segment size increase for this enhancement!**

20 metrics to 30 metrics (EDL Attributes)

- DataItems remains 12
- Metrics increased due to new built-in metrics

If you are approaching limits, we want to know!



Instrumenting an Application with ASAPX 2.0

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month ##, 2002

Follow These Simple Steps

Define Metrics (Attributes)

Reverse Engineer
DataItems

Define EDL

Load/Distribute/Verify EDL

Test EDL

Identify code points

Instrument the Application

Final Test

Define Metrics - What to measure?

What criteria is used to judge the application at the end of the year, month, day?

What don't you know about the application?

General suggestions:

- Success rate
- Error rate
- Server response time
- Total transaction rate
- Success percentage
- Processing states

Application specific:

- Cash remaining
- Shares traded
- Web site visits
- Quantity on hand

Define Metrics - What to measure?

What criterion is most important?

Order them in descending order from most to least important.

Each item will be defined as an attribute in ASAP EDL.

Application Metrics (in priority order)

Cash remaining

Total transaction rate

Successful transaction rate

Failed transaction count

CPU utilization

Server response time

Card reject rate

Failed transaction rate

Reverse Engineer DataItems - Formulas

- Cash - computed and stored as a **constant** by the application.
- Total rate - $(\text{Trans count} + \text{Error count}) / \text{seconds in interval}$
- Trans rate - $\text{Trans count} / \text{seconds in interval}$
- Error count - **Error count**
- CPU busy - an ASAPX built-in metric.
- Resp time - $\text{Time} / (\text{Trans count} + \text{Error count})$
- Reject rate - $\text{Reject count} / \text{seconds in interval}$
- Error rate - $\text{Error count} / \text{seconds in interval}$

Reverse Engineer DataItems - Variables

Application DataItems

- Constant representing cash remaining
- Successful transaction count
- Failed transaction count
- Accumulated time spent processing in the server
- Card reject count

ASAPX Computed Data

- Number of seconds in the interval
- Busy attribute

Reverse Engineer DataItems - Types

DataItems are defined in EDL using the DataItems EDL entity property.

They are assigned numbers 0-11, beginning with 0.

DataItems are updated with 64-bit binary values.

DataItems are stored as 64-bit floating point.

Shared Memory

Cash remaining (C)	0
Transaction count (I)	1
Error count (I)	2
Processing time (U)	3
Card rejects (I)	4

I - integer
S,M,U - time units
C - constant

Define EDL - What is an entity?

Entity A = Application A

Entity B = Application B and
Application C

Entity C = 1/2 of Application D

Entity D = 1/2 of Application D

Common Properties

- DataItems
- Metrics

Entity A
Application A

Entity B
Application B
Application C

Entity C

Entity D

Application D

Define EDL - Application Name Space

Abstract application domain names

Entity name is 1st (leftmost) level

Rules

- 64 bytes or less
- up to 5 levels
- lowest level cannot be "#"
- no commas, quotes, etc.
- no unbalanced trees
- auto name append

Examples

- `Atm\Chicago\Loop\Branch12\Atm43`
- `Deposit\Chicago\Atm\Atm43`

Define EDL - Entity Properties

ENTITY **ATM**

CI ASAP

Command

"APP***ATM**,**DETAIL**,**RAW**,**TAB**,**STATE**,**AGGREGATE**"

Detail "APP^,**TAB**,**STATE**,**DETAIL**,**MINSTATE**"

DataItems "0 C, 1 I, 2 I, 3 U, 4 I"

Enabled **YES**

ErrorState ErrorState

Help "**ATM Application**"

KeyForNode NodeName KeyForObj Domain

KeyForRow "Dateymd Time"

MaxObjectives **200**

SGPFile ASAPXSGP SGPManaged YES SGPSuffix H

Reserved NO

Version **1.00000**;

Define EDL - Attributes

Copy the Error and ErrorState attributes and place them at the end of the file, following the original ErrorState attribute.

```
AT ErrorState Grid NO Graph NO GraphMax 9  
Help "State of Error";
```

```
AT Error Grid YES Graph NO GraphMax 0  
Format I4  
Help "Collection Error"  
StatePair YES  
StateRule UseStateGraphState  
TypeData INT64;
```

```
AT ErrorState Grid NO Graph NO GraphMax 9  
Help "State of Error";
```

Define EDL - Attributes

AT **Cash** Grid YES Graph NO GraphMax **3000**

Format "**16**"

Help "**Cash remaining in ATM**"

StatePair YES

StateRule UseStateGraphState

MetricRule "#0"

TypeData **REAL64**;

AT **S0** Grid NO Graph NO GraphMax 9

Help "State of **Cash**";

Define EDL - Attributes

AT **TotalRate** Grid YES Graph NO GraphMax 10

Format "F7.2"

Help "Total transaction rate"

StatePair YES

StateRule UseStateGraphState

MetricRule "(#1 + #2)/S"

TypeData REAL64;

AT **S1** Grid NO Graph NO GraphMax 9

Help "State of **TotalRate**";

Define EDL - Attributes

AT **TransRate** Grid YES Graph NO GraphMax **1000**

Format "F7.2"

Help "**Successful transaction rate**"

StatePair YES

StateRule UseStateGraphState

MetricRule "**#1/S**"

TypeData REAL64;

AT **S2** Grid NO Graph NO GraphMax 9

Help "State of **TransRate** ";

Define EDL - Attributes

AT **ErrorCount** Grid YES Graph NO GraphMax 10

Format "I3"

Help "Failed transaction count"

StatePair YES

StateRule UseStateGraphState

MetricRule "#2"

TypeData REAL64;

AT **S3** Grid NO Graph NO GraphMax 9

Help "State of **ErrorCount**";

Define EDL - Attributes

```
AT Busy Grid YES Graph NO GraphMax 100
```

```
Format "F6.2"
```

```
Help "Process percent busy"
```

```
StatePair YES
```

```
StateRule UseStateGraphState
```

```
TypeData REAL64;
```

```
AT BusyState Grid NO Graph NO GraphMax 9
```

```
Help "State of Busy";
```

Busy is 1 of the 11 ASAPX built-in attributes. No DataItems or MetricRule formulas are required. Just include the definition of a built-in in your EDL file exactly as indicated.

Define EDL - Attributes

AT **RespTime** Grid YES Graph NO GraphMax 10

Format "**F6.3**"

Help "**Server response time seconds**"

StatePair YES

StateRule UseStateGraphState

MetricRule "**#3/(#1 + #2)**"

TypeData REAL64;

AT **S5** Grid NO Graph NO GraphMax 9

Help "State of **RespTime** ";

Define EDL - Attributes

AT **RejectRate** Grid YES Graph NO GraphMax 0

Format "**F5.3**"

Help "**Card reject rate**"

StatePair YES

StateRule UseStateGraphState

MetricRule "**#4/S**"

TypeData REAL64;

AT **S6** Grid NO Graph NO GraphMax 9

Help "State of **RejectRate**";

Define EDL - Attributes

AT **ErrorRate** Grid YES Graph NO GraphMax 0

Format "**F6.3**"

Help "**Failed transaction rate**"

StatePair YES

StateRule UseStateGraphState

MetricRule "**#2/S**"

TypeData REAL64;

AT **S7** Grid NO Graph NO GraphMax 9

Help "State of **ErrorRate** ";

Load/Distribute/Verify EDL

Place new EDL file

- On all NSK servers
- On all ASAP Client workstations
 - C:\Program Files\Tandem\Asap\Edl\MYEDL.edl

Add EDL file to ASAPUSER file

Compile and verify EDL

- On ASAP Client using IDE window
- On NSK Server using ASAP CI
 - EDL automatically compiled at startup
 - Use SHOW command

Load/Distribute/Verify EDL

Restart ASAP on all NSK servers to pick up new EDL

- Watch EMS events for possible EDL error messages

Restart all ASAP Client sessions

- Restarts the Client's private ASAP CI

Test EDL - Use ASAPXTST program

Register a domain for your new Entity.

Update DataItems with expected values.

- SET TEST ON

Validate results using APP commands and ASAP Client.

```
> ASAPXTST
```

```
1+ register
```

```
error := ASAP_REGISTER_(  
    domain^name:domain^name^len -- in/required  
    ,seg^offset                -- out/required  
    ,error^detail              -- out/optional  
    ,segment^id                -- in/optional, default 0  
    ,segment^base              -- in/optional
```

Identify Code Points

Where is work committed or failed?

Where are important values computed?

Where are the I/O operations?

Application Source

```
ComputeCash;  
<code point 0>
```

```
EndTransaction;  
<code point 1>
```

```
AbortTransaction;  
<code point 2>
```

```
ReadUpdate $Receive  
Reply $Receive  
<code points 3>
```

```
ComputeShares;  
<code point 4>
```

Instrument the Application

Develop an ASAP interface procedure to call from your program whenever a DataItem needs to be updated

- Handle registration as an automatic function of the ASAP interface procedure
- Handle errors
 - For some errors call ASAP_REMOVE_ to remove the domain before re-registering with ASAP using ASAP_REGISTER_.

Add ASAP Globals

- Segment offset variable(s)
- Domain name(s)
- ASAPXDEC or ASAPXH
- Optional Library Reference
- ZASPXC, ZASPXCOB or ZASPXTAL

pTAL Example - Globals

```
int(32)    offset    := -1d;  
string    .domain[0:9] := ["Atm\Server"];
```

```
?nolist, source zaspxtal
```

```
?nolist, source $system.system.asapxdec
```

```
proc asap(ditem,val,math) extensible;  
    int ditem; int(64) val; int math;  
    forward;
```

pTAL Example - Interface Procedure

```
proc asap(ditem,val,math) extensible;
  int ditem; int(64) val; int math;
begin
int    err := 0, err^dtl := 0;
int(32) .ext offset^ptr;
if offset <= 0d then begin          ---- if offset <= 0 then register
  @offset^ptr := $xadr(offset);
  if (err := asap_register_(domain:10, offset^ptr,
    err^dtl)) <> 0 then error^msg(4021,err,err^dtl);
  end;
if offset <= 0d then return;
```

pTAL Example - Interface Procedure

```
-- we are registered, update the dataitem
if (err := asap_update_(offset,err^dtl,
    ditem,val,$optional($param(math),math))) <> 0
then begin
    error^msg(4022,err,err^dtl);
    err := asap_remove_(offset,err^dtl,,1);
    offset := -1d;
end;
end; -- of proc asap
```

Calling the ASAP Interface Procedure

```
ComputeCash(cash);  
asap(0,cash,1);  
.  
endtransaction;  
asap(1,1f);  
aborttransaction;  
asap(2,1f);  
.  
readupdate(...;  
rtime = juliantimestamp;  
Reply(...;  
asap(3,juliantimestamp-rtime);
```


Options?

What about that old code you don't want to touch?

What about that Third Party application you need to know more about?

Check out AutoASAP from TandSoft !



i n v e n t